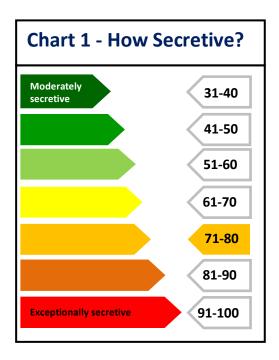
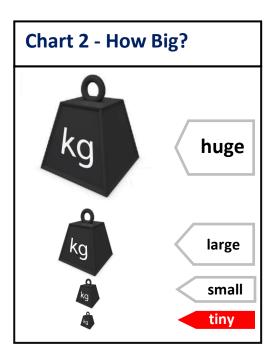
Report on Panama

Panama is ranked at 11th position on the 2013 Financial Secrecy Index. This ranking is based on a combination of its secrecy score and a scale weighting based on its share of the global market for offshore financial services.

Panama has been assessed with 73 secrecy points out of a potential 100, which places it towards the top end of the secrecy scale (see chart 1 below).

Panama accounts for less than 1 per cent of the global market for offshore financial services, making it a tiny player compared with other secrecy jurisdictions (see chart 2 below).



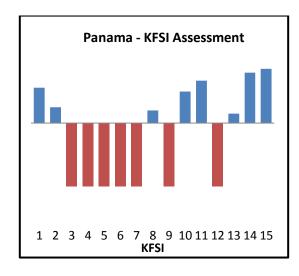


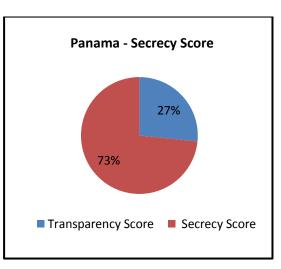
Next steps for Panama

Panama's 73 per cent secrecy score shows that it must still make major progress in offering satisfactory financial transparency. If it wishes to play a full part in the modern financial community and to impede and deter illicit financial flows, including flows originating from tax evasion, aggressive tax avoidance practices, corrupt practices and criminal activities, it should take action on the points noted where it falls short of acceptable international standards. See below for details of Panama's shortcomings on transparency. See this link http://www.financialsecrecyindex.com/kfsi for an overview of how each of these shortcomings can be fixed.

Secrecy Scores

The secrecy score of 73 per cent for Panama has been computed by assessing the jurisdiction's performance on the 15 Key Financial Secrecy Indicators, listed below.





The numbers on the horizontal axis of the bar chart on the left refer to the Key Financial Secrecy Indicators (KFSI). The presence of a blue bar indicates a positive answer, as does blue text in the KFSI list below. The presence of a red bar indicates a negative answer as does red text in the KFSI list. Where the jurisdiction's performance partly, but not fully complies with a Key Financial Secrecy Indicator, the text is coloured violet in the list below (combination of red and blue).

This paper draws on key data collected on Panama. Our data sources include regulatory reports, legislation, regulation and news available at 31.12.2012¹. The full data set is available here². Our assessment is based on the 15 Key Financial Secrecy Indicators (KFSIs, below), reflecting the legal and financial arrangements of Panama. Details of these indicators are noted in the following table and all background data can be found on the Financial Secrecy Index website³.

The Key Financial Secrecy Indicators and the performance of Panama are:

TRANSPARENCY OF BENEFICIAL OWNERSHIP – Panama	
1.	Banking Secrecy: Does the jurisdiction have banking secrecy?
	Panama does not adequately curtail banking secrecy

2.	Trust and Foundations Register: Is there a public register of trusts/foundations, or are trusts/foundations prevented?		
	Panama partly discloses or prevents trusts and private foundations		
3.	Recorded Company Ownership: Does the relevant authority obtain and keep updated		
	details of the beneficial ownership of companies?		
	Panama does not maintain company ownership details in official records		
KEY	ASPECTS OF CORPORATE TRANSPARENCY REGULATION – Panama		
4.	Public Company Ownership: Does the relevant authority make details of ownership of		
	companies available on public record online for less than US\$10/€10?		
	,		
	Panama does not require that company ownership details are publicly available		
	online		
5.	Public Company Accounts: Does the relevant authority require that company accounts		
"	are made available for inspection by anyone for a fee of less than US\$10/€10?		
	Panama does not require that company accounts be available on public record		
6.	Country-by-Country Reporting: Are all companies required to comply with country-by-		
	country financial reporting?		
	Panama does not require country-by-country financial reporting by all companies		
FEEL	 CIENCY OF TAX AND FINANCIAL REGULATION – Panama		
LITICILITET OF TAX AND FINANCIAL REGULATION - FAIIAIIIA			
7.	Fit for Information Exchange: Are resident paying agents required to report to the		
	domestic tax administration information on payments to non-residents?		
	Panama does not require resident paying agents to tell the domestic tax authorities		
	about payments to non-residents		
	about payments to non-residents		
8.	Efficiency of Tax Administration: Does the tax administration use taxpayer identifiers		
	for analysing information efficiently, and is there a large taxpayer unit?		
	Danama partly uses appropriate tools for efficiently analysing toy related information		
	Panama partly uses appropriate tools for efficiently analysing tax related information		
9.	Avoids Promoting Tax Evasion: Does the jurisdiction grant unilateral tax credits for		
	foreign tax payments?		
	Panama does not avoid promoting tax evasion via a tax credit system		
i	1		

10.	Harmful Legal Vehicles: Does the jurisdiction allow cell companies and trusts with flee		
	clauses?		
	Panama partly allows harmful legal vehicles		
	Tanama partiy anotto narma regar venices		
INTERNATIONAL STANDARDS AND COOPERATION – Panama			
11.	Anti-Money Laundering: Does the jurisdiction comply with the FATF		
	recommendations?		
	Panama partly complies with international anti-money laundering standards		
12.	Automatic Information Exchange: Does the jurisdiction participate fully in Automatic		
12.	Information Exchange such as the European Savings Tax Directive?		
	information exchange such as the European Savings Tax Directive:		
	Panama does not participate fully in Automatic Information Exchange		
42	Billiand Tooling Book to Collins to the college ACC billiand to the Collins of th		
13.	Bilateral Treaties: Does the jurisdiction have at least 46 bilateral treaties providing for		
	information exchange upon request, or is it part of the European Council/OECD convention?		
	Conventions		
	As of 31 May, 2012, Panama had less than 46 tax information sharing agreements		
	complying with basic OECD requirements		
14.	International Transparency Commitments: Has the jurisdiction ratified the five most		
	relevant international treaties relating to financial transparency?		
	Panama has partly ratified relevant international treaties relating to financial		
	transparency		
	·		
15.	International Judicial Cooperation: Does the jurisdiction cooperate with other states on		
	money laundering and other criminal issues?		
	Panama partly cooperates with other states on money laundering and other criminal		
	issues		
	133463		

http://www.financialsecrecyindex.com/PDF/13-Bilateral-Treaties.pdf.

¹ With the exception of KFSI 13 for which the cut-off date is 31.05.2013. For more details, look at the endnote number 2 in the corresponding KFSI-paper here:

² That data is available here: http://www.financialsecrecyindex.com/database/menu.xml.

³ http://www.financialsecrecyindex.com.